FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORTS

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements

Board of Trustees Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School which comprise the balance sheet as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2015 on our consideration of Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lack + Teoperus

October 22, 2015



BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	_	2015	. <u> </u>	2014
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	4,835,281	\$	3,089,816
Cash held in escrow		70,000		70,000
Grants and contracts receivable		487,789		268,476
Security deposits (Note 4)		690,815		540,815
Prepaid expenses		156,784	<u> </u>	156,480
Total current assets		6,240,669		4,125,587
Fixed assets - net (Note 3)		363,575		332,441
Total assets	\$	6,604,244	\$_	4,458,028
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	165,641	\$	215,019
Accrued salaries and related liabilities		580,600		505,493
Deferred rent	_	909,922	_	499,126
Total current liabilities		1,656,163		1,219,638
Net assets - unrestricted (Exhibit B)	_	4,948,081		3,238,390
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	6,604,244	\$	4,458,028

See independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	_	2015	_	2014
Revenues				
State and local per-pupil operating revenues	\$	8,962,620	\$	7,661,664
Government grants and contracts		836,641		419,964
Contributions		7,345		28,074
Miscellaneous income	_	177	_	3,700
Total revenues	_	9,806,783	_	8,113,402
Expenses (Exhibit C)				
Program services				
Education		5,945,414		5,202,105
Special education	_	1,171,656	_	870,935
Total program services	_	7,117,070	_	6,073,040
Supporting services				
Management and general		973,654		858,579
Fund raising	-	6,368	_	11,368
Total supporting services	_	980,022	_	869,947
Total expenses	_	8,097,092	_	6,942,987
Change in unrestricted net assets (Exhibit D)		1,709,691		1,170,415
Net assets - unrestricted - beginning of year	_	3,238,390	_	2,067,975
Net assets - unrestricted - end of year (Exhibit A)	\$_	4,948,081	\$	3,238,390

See independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

2015

		-							Support	ing S	Services								
			Program Services			ľ	Management												
	No. of		No. of		No. of		No. of				Special			•	and		Fund		
	Positions		Education		Education		Total		General		Raising	_	Total						
Salaries																			
Administrative	6	\$	191,264	\$	46,002	\$	237,266	\$	361,460	\$	3,277	\$	602,003						
Instructional	51	Ψ	2,335,081	Ψ	401,428	Ψ	2,736,509	Ψ	301,100	Ψ	3,277	Ψ	2,736,509						
Noninstructional	10	_	103,827		117,196	_	221,023		38,925	_		_	259,948						
Total salaries			2,630,172		564,626		3,194,798		400,385		3,277		3,598,460						
Payroll taxes and employee benefits			580,752		124,672		705,424		88,406		724		794,554						
Occupancy (Note 4)			1,322,825		283,974		1,606,799		201,370		1,648		1,809,817						
Supplies and equipment			166,539		28,630		195,169						195,169						
Repairs and maintenance			82,189		17,644		99,833		12,511		102		112,446						
Professional fees			622,276		56,835		679,111		230,616		329		910,056						
Insurance			36,678		7,874		44,552		5,583		46		50,181						
Food service fees			263,116		45,233		308,349						308,349						
Staff development			3,342		575		3,917		5,207				9,124						
Technology services			12,588		2,702		15,290		1,916		16		17,222						
Office expenses			76,592		12,982		89,574		9,206		75		98,855						
Marketing/recruitment			27,654				27,654						27,654						
Depreciation			88,815		19,066		107,881		13,520		111		121,512						
Miscellaneous expenses		_	31,876		6,843	_	38,719	-	4,934	_	40	_	43,693						
Total expenses (Exhibit B)		\$_	5,945,414	\$	1,171,656	\$	7,117,070	\$	973,654	\$_	6,368	\$_	8,097,092						

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STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

2014

		_	2014										
								Supporting Services					
			Program Services]	Management	;					
	No. of				Special			-	and		Fund		
	Positions		Education		Education		Total		General		Raising		Total
				-		_		-		_			
Salaries													
Administrative	10	\$	196,701	\$	35,886	\$	232,587	\$	356,837	\$	3,627	\$	593,051
Instructional	48		2,192,257		311,099		2,503,356						2,503,356
Noninstructional	3	_	147,507	-	20,933	. <u>.</u>	168,440					_	168,440
Total salaries			2,536,465		367,918		2,904,383		356,837		3,627		3,264,847
Payroll taxes and employee benefits			575,821		120,678		696,499		78,815		801		776,115
Occupancy (Note 4)			1,235,030		264,027		1,499,057		176,447		6,277		1,681,781
Supplies and equipment			192,158		29,445		221,603		6,467		45		228,115
Repairs and maintenance			9,065		1,956		11,021		1,354		14		12,389
Printing and postage			23,309		5,029		28,338		1,417		35		29,790
Professional fees			462,018		53,248		515,266		198,323		375		713,964
Insurance			33,974		7,330		41,304		5,075		52		46,431
Travel			45,923		4,748		50,671		3,287		33		53,991
Professional development			8,129		1,154		9,283		19,738				29,021
Food service fees			9,129		1,295		10,424		968		10		11,402
Technology services			23,578		5,087		28,665		3,522		36		32,223
Depreciation			41,807		9,020		50,827		6,245		63		57,135
Miscellaneous expenses		_	5,699	-		_	5,699		84			_	5,783
Total expenses (Exhibit B)		\$_	5,202,105	\$	870,935	\$	6,073,040	\$	858,579	\$	11,368	\$_	6,942,987

See independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	_	2015	_	2014
Cash flows from operating activities				
Change in net assets (Exhibit B)	\$	1,709,691	\$	1,170,415
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to				
net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		121,512		57,135
Decrease (increase) in assets				
Grants and contracts receivable		(219,313)		(225,005)
Security deposits		(150,000)		
Prepaid expenses		(304)		(100,511)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(49,378)		62,289
Accrued salaries and related liabilities		75,107		198,713
Deferred rent	_	410,796	_	499,126
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,898,111		1,662,162
Cash flows from investing activities				
Fixed asset acquisitions	_	(152,646)	_	(184,587)
Net increase in cash		1,745,465		1,477,575
Cash - beginning of year	_	3,089,816	_	1,612,241
Cash - end of year	\$_	4,835,281	\$_	3,089,816

See independent auditor's report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School (BAOP) is an educational corporation that operates as a charter school in the borough of Bronx, New York City. On April 21, 2008, the Board of Regents and the Board of Trustees of the University of the State of New York, for and on behalf of the State Education Department, granted BAOP a charter valid for a term of 5 years and renewable upon expiration. On June 1, 2013, BAOP's charter was renewed until January 15, 2018. BAOP was organized to increase learning opportunities for students through innovative educational programs and to enable parents to be more involved in their children's education. In fiscal year 2015, BAOP operated classes for 641 students in grades K-8. BAOP began operations on May 1, 2008.

BAOP is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. BAOP is supported primarily by state and local per-pupil operating revenues.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting - The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash held in escrow - BAOP established an escrow account of \$70,000 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, which is held aside for contingency purposes as required by the New York City Department of Education.

Receivables - Receivables are recorded when services are rendered. Receivables are presented net of allowances for doubtful accounts. The allowances are based on management's evaluation of the collectibility of the related accounts. Interest is not accrued or recorded on outstanding receivables.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Allowance for doubtful accounts - BAOP determines whether an allowance for uncollectibles should be provided for receivables. Such estimates are based on management's assessment of the aged basis of its receivables, current economic conditions and historical information. Receivables are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts when all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted. BAOP has determined that no allowance for uncollectible accounts for grant and contracts receivable is necessary as of June 30, 2015.

Fixed assets - Fixed assets including leasehold improvements are recorded at cost. Items with a cost of \$3,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year are capitalized.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 3-5 years. Depreciation and amortization on leasehold improvements are amortized on the straight-line basis over the lesser of their useful lives of 37-39 years or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

Due to New York City Department of Education - Due to New York City Department of Education is recorded when payments received exceed the per-pupil revenue.

Deferred rent - Operating leases are recorded on the straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Deferred rent is recorded where there are material differences between the fixed payment and the rent expense.

Unrestricted net assets - Unrestricted net assets include funds having no restrictions as to use or purpose imposed by donors.

State and local per-pupil revenues - Revenues from the state and local governments resulting from BAOP's charter status and based on the number of students enrolled are recorded when services are performed in accordance with the charter agreement. Federal and state funds are recorded by BAOP when expenditures are incurred and billed.

Government grants and contracts - Revenues from government grants and contracts to which BAOP is entitled are recognized mostly on student enrollment. Some grants are provided for specific educational endeavors which are not based on student enrollment and are recorded when related expenditures are incurred by BAOP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contributions - Unconditional contributions, including promises to give cash and other assets, are reported at fair value at the date the contribution is received. All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donors. The gifts are reported as temporarily or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying financial statements.

Functional allocation of expenses - The costs of providing BAOP's programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Operating leases - Operating lease payments are charged to rental expense. Operating lease expense has been recorded on the straight-line basis over the life of the lease. Deferred rent, when material, is recorded for the difference between the fixed payment and the rent expense.

Uncertainty in income taxes - BAOP has determined that there are no material uncertain tax positions that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Periods ending June 30, 2012 and subsequent remain subject to examination by applicable taxing authorities.

Subsequent events - Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 22, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3 - FIXED ASSETS

	2015	2014
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 614,440 199,140	\$ 483,293 177,641
Accumulated depreciation	813,580 (450,005)	660,934 (328,493)
	\$ <u>363,575</u>	\$ <u>332,441</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 4 - LEASE COMMITMENT

In August 2012, BAOP entered into a new lease of a school building located at 1349 Inwood Avenue Bronx, NY. Rent expense as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$1,208,340 and \$864,646, respectively. A security deposit of \$500,000 was paid for the facility at 1349 Inwood Avenue, which is refundable at the demise of the lease. The lease will expire on July 31, 2027. The School is currently in negotiations for a space adjacent to the school building and have put down an additional \$150,000 security deposit.

The future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 are:

2016	\$ 1,448,956
2017	1,492,425
2018	1,537,197
2019	1,583,313
2020	1,630,813
Thereafter	 12,870,992

\$ 20,563,696

NOTE 5 - PENSIONS

BOAP adopted a 403(b) profit sharing plan (the "Plan") which covers most of the employees. The Plan is a defined contribution plan. Employees are eligible to enroll in the Plan on the first day of the plan year. Those employees who have completed at least 1 full year of service are also eligible for employer contribution. The Plan provides for BAOP to contribute up to 5% of an employee's salary. BAOP contribution does not become vested until completion of the first year of employment. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, pension expense for BAOP was \$58,339 and \$55,004, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 6 - CONTINGENCIES AND CONCENTRATIONS

Certain grants and contracts may be subject to audit by the funding sources. Such audits might result in disallowances of costs submitted for reimbursement. Management is of the opinion that such cost disallowances, if any, will not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements for such potential claims.

Financial instruments that potentially subject BAOP to a concentration of credit risk are cash accounts with financial institutions in excess of FDIC insurance limits. Management believes that the credit risk related to these accounts is minimal.

A significant portion of BAOP's operating revenue is paid by New York City Department of Education.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School, which comprise the balance sheet as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bronx Academy of Promise Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lock + Teoperus

October 22, 2015